



# ANSWER KEY

## Base English Reader

Class  
**1 To 5**

Written By :  
**Anuja Arora**

PURPLE STROKE

**© All Rights Reserved** Information contained in this book has been published by MAPLE EDUCATION (A UNIT OF PARI PUBLICATION) has been obtained by its authors from sources believed to be reliable and are correct to the best of the knowledge. However, the publisher and its authors shall in no event be liable for any errors, omissions or damages arising out of use of this information and specifically disclaim any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for any particular use.  
Warm Welcome for your suggestions and guidelines to improve the book for bright educational INDIA.

Quality Books For Better Education

**PARI**

**PUBLICATION**  
A HOUSE OF CHILDREN BOOKS

Today A Reader...  
Tomorrow A Leader.



**LEADING PUBLISHERS OF CHILDREN BOOKS**

E-mail : [pari\\_publication@yahoo.com](mailto:pari_publication@yahoo.com)



## Lesson- 1 'A' and 'An'

A. 1. An 2. An 3. An 4. An 5. An 6. An 7. An 8. An 9. An 10. An 11. A 12. A 13. A 14. A 15. A 16. A 17. A 18. A 19. A 20. A

## Lesson- 2 This and These

A. 1. This 2. This 3. This 4. This 5. This 6. These 7. These 8. These 9. These 10. These B. 1. This is a pen. 2. This is a car. 3. These are boys. 4. These are toys. C. 1. यह एक कलम है। 2. यह एक घोड़ा है। 3. ये गेंदे हैं। 4. ये महिलाएँ हैं।

## Lesson- 3 That and Those

A. 1. That 2. That 3. That 4. That 5. That 6. Those 7. Those 8. Those 9. Those 10. Those B. 1. That is a bus. 2. That is a horse. 3. Those are elephants. 4. Those are eggs. C. 1. वह एक पंखा है। 2. वह एक कुत्ता है। 3. वे भैंसे हैं। 4. वे बकरियाँ हैं।

## Lesson- 4 Is, Am and Are

A. 1. am 2. are 3. are 4. is 5. are 6. am 7. is 8. is B. 1. This is a bus. 2. That is a horse. 3. Those are elephants. 4. Those are eggs. C. 1. यह एक साइकिल है। 2. वह एक किताब है। 3. वे लड़के हैं। 4. मैं एक शिक्षक हूँ।

## Lesson- 5 My, Your

A. 1. your 2. my 3. your 4. my 5. your 6. my

## Lesson- 6 He, She, It

A. 1. He 2. She 3. He 4. It 5. She 6. It B. 1. He 2. She 3. It 4. He 5. She 6. It C. 1. He 2. It 3. It 4. She 5. It 6. He 7. It 8. He 9. She 10. It 11. She 12. It 13. It 14. It 15. She D. 1. वह नरेश है। 2. वह एक डॉक्टर है। 3. वह एक शिक्षक है। 4. वह एक छाता है। 5. वह मेरी माँ है।

## Lesson- 7 His & Her

A. 1. his 2. Her 3. her 4. Her 5. his 6. His B. 1. her 2. His 3. His 4. his

## Lesson- 8 Here and There

A. 1. There 2. Here 3. There 4. Here 5. Here 6. There

## Lesson- 9 Has and Have

A. 1. have 2. have 3. have 4. has 5. has 6. have 7. have 8. have

## Lesson- 10 And

A. 1. The boy laughed cheerfully and jumped out. 2. Tom and Jerry are friends. B. 1. Sheep and goat. 2. Bucket and mug. 3. Cat and mouse.

## Lesson- 11 In, On and Under

A. 1. in 2. in 3. on 4. on 5. under 6. under 7. in 8. under 9. on 10. in

## Lesson- 12 Numbers

A. 1. Brothers 2. Sisters 3. Sons 4. Dolls 5. Friends 6. Teachers 7. Bags 8. Boxes B. 1. Cow 2. Tree 3. River 4. House 5. Coat 6. Shoes 7. Kite 8. That

## Lesson- 13 Opposite Word

A. 1. cool 2. sad 3. right 4. old 5. thin 6. high 7. clean 8. rich

## Lesson-14 Knowing Colours

A. 1. Cow, Brown 2. Bear, Black 3. Parrot, Green 4. Coat, Blue 5. Rose, Red 6. Apple, Red

## Lesson-15 Use of Action Words

A. 1. Mayank is reading a book. 2. Dinesh is writing a letter. 3. Ram is sleeping. B. 1. singing 2. cooking

## Lesson-16 Parts of Body

Oral Questions – 1. Eyes help us to see. 2. Ears help us to hear. A. 1. Hands help us to do so many things like writing, holding, carrying, playing games. 2. Our toe is in our foot. 3. Legs helps us to walk, run, jump etc. **Hot Questions** – Hand, Hair, Hip, Heat B. 1. a 2. b C. 1. x 2. x 3. x 4. ✓ D. 1. Head 2. Foot 3. Wrist 4. Chin 5. Stomach 6. Knees 7. Toe 8. Ear 9. Neck 10. Ankle 11. Body 12. Leg 13. Finger 14. Mouth 15. Hair **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves

## Lesson- 17 Days of The Week

Oral Questions – 1. There are 7 days in a week. 2. Sunday is the first day of the week. A. 1. Thursday 2. Friday 3. Wednesday **Hot Questions** – Sunday B. 1. a 2. b 3. a C. 1. second 2. fifth 3. seven D. 1. Small 2. Short 3. Night 4. Moon 5. Girl 6. Far **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 18 Month of The Year

Oral Questions – 1. There are 12 months in a year. 2. There are 31 days in the month of January. A. 1. There are 28 days in the month of February. But in a leap year February has 29 days. 2. January is the first month of the year. 3. December is the last month of the year. **Hot**

**Questions** – The year which is divisible by 4 has 29 days in February. Such an year is called a leap year. **B.** 1. a 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. April 2. February 3. November 4. January 5. August 6. January 7. October **D.** 1. Leap 2. First 3. Month 4. Many **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 19 About Me

**Oral Questions** – 1. Rohit was a student. 2. He was eight years old. **A.** 1. His father was a government servant. 2. Rohit lived in Badarpur. 3. Yes, Rohit like to come to school. **Hot Questions** – The teacher said that, "I shall ask you something more after the break." **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. b **C.** 1. first 2. eight 3. Badarpur 4. government 5. school **D.** 1. x 2. ✓ 3. x **E.** 1. मेरा नाम रोहित है। 2. मेरे पिता एक सरकारी नौकर है। 3. मैं आठ साल का हूँ। 4. आप कहाँ रहते हैं? 5. क्या आप स्कूल आना पसंद करते हो। **F.** 1. Servant 2. School 3. Teacher 4. Father 5. Government **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 20 My Birthday

**Oral Questions** – 1. Shweta is seven years old. 2. All the friends of Shewta is participated in party. **A.** 1. Her birthday falls on 7th September. 2. Her mother prepared sweets and samosas for her party. 3. Her father arranged a cake for her birthday party. **Hot Questions** – The birthday party of Shewta began at 9 o' clock. **B.** 1. b 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. Shweta 2. September 3. sweets 4. colourful 5. 9' o clock **D.** 1. Enemy 2. Older 3. Old 4. Sold **E.** 1. ✓ 2. x 3. ✓ **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 21 My Mother

**Oral Questions** – 1. My mother is forty years old. 2. My mother helps me to do my homework. **A.** 1. My mother keeps the house neat and clean. 2. My mother changes my dress. 3. My mother is graduate. **Hot Questions** – My mother brings fresh vegetables and groceries from the market. **B.** 1. c 2. c 3. a **C.** 1. gentle 2. breakfast 3. hard 4. homework 5. market **D.** 1. Groceries 2. Vegetables 3. Houses 4. Stories **E.** 1. ✓ 2. x 3. ✓ **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 22 Symbols of Our India

**Oral Questions** – 1. New Delhi is the capital of India. 2. Lotus is our national flower. **A.** 1. India is our country. 2. Tiger is our national animal. 3. Peacock is our national bird. **Hot Questions** – Tricolour flag is our national flag. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. India 2. Bharatmata 3. Delhi 4.

Three 5. Tiger 6. Peacock **D.** 1. x 2. x 3. ✓ 4. ✓ **E.** 1. हमारा राष्ट्रीय पक्षी मोर है। 2. दिल्ली भारत की राजधानी है। 3. कमल हमारा राष्ट्रीय फूल है। **F.** 1. o 2. h 3. r 4. o **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves

### Lesson- 23 Babu

**Oral Questions** – 1. Gandhi was born in the place namely 'Porbandar in Gujarat'. 2. We call Mahatma Gandhi as Babu. **A.** 1. Mahatam Gandhi is called the father of nation. 2. The full name of Mahatma Gandhi was Mohan Das Karam Chand Gandhi. 3. Gandhi Jayanti falls on 2nd October. **Hot Questions** – We celebrate the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi as National festival. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. Babu 2. Porbandar 3. Mohan Das Karamchand Gandhi 4. 2nd October 5. national **D.** 1. x 2. ✓ 3. ✓ **E.** 1. महात्मा गाँधी का जन्म 2 अक्टूबर सन् 1896 में हुआ था। 2. महात्मा गाँधी को बापू कहा जाता है। 3. वह राष्ट्रपिता के रूप में जाने जाते है। 4. गाँधी जी की समाधि राजघाट दिल्ली में स्थित है। **F.** 1. Called 2. Celebrated 3. Looked 4. Wrote 5. Reached **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 24 Baba Baba Black Sheep

**Oral Questions** – 1. The colour of sheep is black. 2. There are three bags of wool. **A.** 1. The little boy lived in a lane. 2. The first bag belongs to his master. **Hot Questions** – The third bag belongs to his dame. **B.** 1. Sheep 2. full 3. master 4. dame 5. lane **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## कक्षा - 2



### Lesson- 1 A Prayer To God

**Oral Questions** – 1. We pray to God every morning. 2. Children love the God. **A.** 1. The speaker prays the God to make them all love. 2. He wants to be a good, honest and true person. 3. He addresses the God as a sweet lord. 4. He asks to bless his friends with him. **Hot Questions** – We should pray to God in the morning. **B.** 1. a 2. b **C.** 1. my friends 2. honest and true 3. with me 4. to you **D.** 1. Friends 2. Children 3. Boys 4. Girls 5. Men 6. Women **E.** 1. Sour 2. Bad 3. Long 4. Dishonest 5. False 6. Wrong **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 2 Birds

**Oral Questions** – 1. Pigeons have grey feathers. 2. There are two kinds of birds. They are (i) Pet birds (ii) Wild birds **A.** 1. The crow, the kite and vulture make the atmosphere pollution free. 2. The peacock is our

national bird. 3. The birds eat grains, fruits, worm and insects. 5. The owl is a night bird. **B.** 1. c 2. b **C.** 1. land 2. build 3. feathers 4. crow 5. national **Hot Questions** – Cocks and parrots are kept in pets. **D.** 1. night bird 2. are land birds. 3. atmosphere pollution free 4. sweetly 5. water **E.** 1. Peacock 2. Vulture 3. Swan 4. Atmosphere 5. Pollution 6. National **F.** 1. Pigeons 2. Worms 3. Insects 4. Beaks 5. Cages 6. Eggs **G.** 1. Sweet 2. Hard 3. Dull 4. Never 5. Sad 6. Hate **H. Noun** – 1. Farmer 2. Son 3. Mother 4. Farm **Pronoun** – 1. They 2. He 3. Their 4. Them **Verb** – 1. Told 2. Go 3. Took 4. Had **Adjective** – 1. Lazy 2. Inactive 3. three **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 3 Meet My Family

**Oral Questions** – 1. Ravi is living in his house with his family. 2. Yes, Ravi loves his family. **A.** 1. The name of Ravi's father is Mr. M.K. Ahuja. 2. The name of Ravi's sister is Vanshika. 3. The Ravi's sister is five years old. 4. Vanshika is playing with her toys. **Hot Questions** – An ideal family is one in which – (a) All the family members live together. (b) All the family members understands each other. (c) All the family members love and respect each other. **B.** 1. b 2. c **C.** 1. big 2. doctor 3. playing 4. cooking 5. five **D.** 1. Mr. M.K. Ahuja 2. Vanshika 3. Ravi Ahuja 4. Doctor 5. Mrs. Geeta Ahuja **E.** 1. sister 2. teacher 3. food 4. father 5. Mother **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 4 Greed Is An Evil

**Oral Questions** – 1. The hen laid one golden egg daily. 2. The old woman kill the hen with the sharp knife. **A.** 1. The hen laid a golden egg daily. 2. She wanted all the golden eggs at once. 3. The old woman thought that, the hen had many eggs in her stomach. 4. The old woman found no egg in her stomach. 5. The moral of the story is that we should never greed for anything in life. **Hot Questions** – The old woman realised her mistake when she did not find any egg in hen's stomach. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. egg 2. hen 3. sad 4. many 5. sharp **D.** 1. a hen 2. sharp knife 3. evil 4. very greedy 5. no eggs **E.** 1. e 2. r 3. g 4. a 5. e 6. i **F.** 1. Eggs 2. Hens 3. Men 4. Evils 5. Knives 6. Classes **G.** 1. Blunt 2. Short 3. Dishonest 4. Lost 5. False 6. Happy **H.** 1. Girl 2. Tigress 3. Niece 4. Lioness 5. Aunt 6. Actress **I. Noun** – 1. Fox 2. Stork 3. Friends 4. Plate **Pronoun** – 1. Her **Verb** – 1. Serve 2. Invited 3. Decided 4. Were **Adjective** – 1. Good 2. Same **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves

### Lesson- 5 Rahul – I am Busy

**Oral Questions** – 1. Rahul first see monkey on his way. 2. The bee was sitting on a flower. **A.** 1. Rahul asked the monkey that, "Will you play with me?" 2. The bee said, "No, I am too busy. I'll not play with you." 3. Rahul think that, "Everyone is busy am I am an idle". 4. This lesson teaches us that we should always remain busy in our work and do not sit idle or waste our time in useless things. **Hot Questions** – Rahul was known as idle boy because he everyday ran from the school and he doesn't have any work to do. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. play 2. busy 3. lesson 4. saw 5. from **D.** 1. with you. 2. is busy. 3. my lesson. 4. on a flower. 5. rabbit. **E.** 1. hero 2. sitting 3. honest **F.** 1. boys 2. schools 3. monkeys 4. bees 5. rabbits 6. flowers **G.** 1. happy 2. busy 3. girl 4. come 5. stand 6. walk **H.** 1. Masculine 2. Masculine 3. Feminine 4. Masculine 5. Common 6. Masculine **I. Noun** – 1. Bruno 2. Sumi 3. Dog 4. Towel **Pronoun** – 1. She 2. Him **Verb** – 1. Washed 2. Dragged 3. Catch 4. Dried **Adjective** – 1. Good 2. Big 3. Rubber **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 6 A Conversation

**Oral Questions** – 1. Anil and Ashok were conversing with each other. 2. Anil goes for a walk every morning. **A.** 1. Anil plays football. 2. Anil's cousins play cricket. 3. Anil's doesn't play volleyball. 4. Ashok does exercise every morning. 5. Anil is going for a walk. **Hot Questions** – The benefits of morning walk are – (a) It can help to reduce high blood pressure. (b) It is a good form of exercise for heart. (c) It lift the mood and protects against depression and anxiety. **B.** 1. c 2. a **C.** 1. evening 2. exercise 3. games 4. day 5. cricket **D.** 1. for a walk. 2. Ashok 3. cricket 4. a walk. 5. see you **E.** 1. e 2. c 3. k 4. u 5. n **F.** 1. Fields 2. Games 3. Balls 4. Books 5. Boys 6. Girls **G.** 1. Evening 2. Bad 3. Come 4. Me 5. Wrong 6. Night **H.** 1. Masculine 2. Feminine 3. Feminine 4. Masculine 5. Feminine 6. Feminine 7. Masculine 8. Masculine **Activity Skills**– Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 7 A Clever Trick

**Oral Questions** – 1. It was on the bottom. 2. The crow collect all the pebbles lying around the tree. **A.** 1. The crow was flying here and there in search of water. 2. The crow saw a pitcher under a tree. 3. The crow uses pebble to play a trick. 4. The crow fail to drink water because its beak could not reach there. 5. The crow

picked up the pebbles one by one and dropped them into the pitcher. **B.** 1. c 2. a **C.** 1. clever 2. pitcher 3. one by one 4. reach 5. crow **Hot Questions** – The crow put pebbles inside the pitcher so that the level of water comes up and its beak should reach there. **D.** 1. thirsty 2. under a tree 3. very happy 4. the pebbles one by one. 5. a trick **E.** 1. घड़ा 2. एक-एक करके 3. चतुर 4. प्यासा 5. डाले **F.** 1. अन्त में उसने एक घड़ा देखा। 2. उसने चालाकी से काम लिया। 3. उसने उनको एक-एक करके घड़े में डाल दिया। 4. पानी का स्तर ऊपर आ गया। 5. कौए की चोंच पानी की सतह तक पहुँच गई। **G.** 1. beaks 2. tricks 3. crows 4. trees 5. pebbles 6. ones **H.** 1. Crow 2. Pebbles 3. Throw 4. Dropped 5. Clever 6. Beak **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 8 It's Rhyme Time

**Oral Questions** – 1. The rain drops are very little and happy. 2. They are called happy because the falling rain drops cheer the people. **A.** 1. Raindrops are falling, at on the feet of people. 2. They are saying 'Goodbye' to the clouds. 3. They are running down the busy street. **B.** 1. b 2. c **C.** 1. rain 2. can 3. busy 4. goodbye 5. own **Hot Questions** – No, all the raindrops doesn't fall in same direction. **D.** 1. falling from the sky. 2. down the busy street. 3. you saying. 4. good bye 5. rain drops. **E.** 1. Drops 2. Streets 3. Feet 4. Clouds 5. Seasons 6. Sky **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 9 Bookseller's Shop

**Oral Questions** – 1. Mr. Gupta was the owner of the shop. 2. The price of the fountain ink pen was 15 rupees. **A.** 1. The Piyush went to bookseller's shop to purchase some stationary items. 2. He went to buy some pencils and fountain ink pens. 3. He brought 3 pens. 4. The Piyush brought fountain ink pen. 5. The price of pencils were 36 Rs. per dozen. **Hot Questions** – The Piyush brought two fountain pens, one dozen of pencils and one fountain pen. The total prize he paid to shopkeeper is 71 Rs. **B.** 1. b 2. c **C.** 1. Natraj 2. pencils 3. dozen 4. yes 5. price **D.** 1. ink pen 2. one dozen. 3. and comes out of the shop. 4. Rs. 15/- only. 5. No, thank you. **E.** 1. Selects 2. Surely 3. Places 4. Amount 5. Fountain Pen 6. Thank You **F.** 1. Teeth 2. Pens 3. Shopkeepers 4. Keys 5. Roofs 6. Washermen **G.** 1. Short 2. Smaller 3. Sell 4. Charitable 5. Come 6. Far **H.** 1. Bitch 2. Wife 3. Actress 4. Hen 5. Headmistress 6. Daughter **I. Noun** – 1. Market 2. Girl 3. Grandmother 4. Necklace

**Pronoun** – 1. Her 2. They 3. It **Verb** – 1. Saw 2. Come 3. Buy 4. Had **Adjective** – 1. Pearl 2. Beautiful 3. Shocked **Activity Skills** – Students will do the themselves.

### Lesson- 10 Colony of Frogs

**Oral Questions** – 1. The colony of frogs was situated inside a well. 2. The snake met the leader. **A.** 1. The colony was divided into two parts because all the frogs began to quarrel with each other. 2. All the frogs of opposite party came out of the well with their leader. 3. The leader said to snake that, cruel snake. I shall not return now. Be there with starvation. **Hot Questions** – The leader realised the bad intention of snake when he asked for more to eat. **B.** 1. a 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. well 2. frogs 3. snake 4. frogs 5. problem 6. hungry **D.** 1. X 2. ✓ 3. ✓ **E.** 1. Parties 2. Colonies 3. Frogs 4. Snakes 5. Leaders 6. Relatives **F.** 1. Here 2. Outside 3. Weak 4. Sad 5. In 6. Kind **G.** 1. वे खुशी से रहते थे। 2. मुझे कुछ ओर खाने को चाहिए। 3. मैं वापस नहीं आऊँगा। 4. नेता बहुत खुश थे। **Active Skills** – Students will do the themselves.

### Lesson- 11 Farmer's Talent

**Oral Questions** – 1. Farmer lived in a village. 2. One day the farmer found that his one ox was missing. **A.** 1. He found his ox in a market. 2. The farmer covered ox's eyes with his hands. 3. He proved his ownership by exactly telling by which eye the ox was blind from. **Hot Questions** – The thief ran away from the market at the end. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. Farmer 2. Ox 3. Market 4. Eyes 5. People **D.** 1. X 2. ✓ 3. ✓ **E.** 1. Oxen 2. Markets 3. Farmers 4. Eyes 5. Animals 6. Hands **F.** 1. Sighted 2. Open 3. Sell 4. Wrong 5. Inability 6. Lost **G.** 1. Could 2. Searched 3. Covered 4. Heard 5. Went 6. Had **H.** 1. Mine 2. Our 3. Her 4. Your 5. Their 6. His **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 12 At The Railway Station

**Oral Questions** – 1. We reached railway station. 2. Uncle was living in Jaipur. **A.** 1. We decided to go because uncle called us. 2. My father went to purchase the ticket. 3. The name of the train was Pink City Express. **Hot Questions** – Coolies were carrying people's luggages. **B.** 1. b 2. b 3. c **C.** 1. Jaipur 2. Train 3. Boxes 4. Stop 5. Express **D.** 1. X 2. X 3. ✓ 4. ✓ **E.** 1. Trains 2. Luggages 3. Uncles 4. Flags 5. Coolies 6. Coaches **F.** 1. Run 2. Out 3. Come 4. Fastly 5. Outside 6. Still **G.** Jaipur, Train, Boxes, Coach **H.** 1. मेरे अंकल जयपुर में रहते हैं। 2. हम स्टेशन पहुँच गए। 3. हम सब प्लेटफार्म पर थे। 4. यह गुलाबी शहर एक्सप्रेस है। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves

### Lesson- 13 Lamp of Alladin

**Oral Questions** – 1. Alladin lived in a village of Arab. 2. Alladin lived with his mother. **A.** 1. Alladin found the lamp inside the cave. 2. The gaint gave them several things they wanted. **Hot Questions** – Alladin handed the lamp to his mother. **B.** 1. c 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. Mother 2. Poor 3. Jungle 4. Lamp 5. Old man 6. Giant **D.** 1. ✓ 2. X 3. ✓ 4. X **E.** 1. Villages 2. Men 3. Caves 4. Rings 5. Dishes 6. Lamps **F.** 1. Rich 2. Go 3. Calm 4. Clean 5. Quiet 6. Tasteless **G.** 1. Ate 2. Taught 3. Played 4. Drove 5. Made 6. Read 7. Wrote **H.** 1. वे सब बहुत गरीब थे। 2. मैं तुम्हें कैसे दूँगा। 3. बूढ़े व्यक्ति ने एक अँगूठी दी। 4. अल्लादीन एक धनवान व्यक्ति था। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 14 Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star

**Oral Questions** – 1. We find stars in the sky at the night. 2. The stars twinkles all the night. **A.** 1. The grass is wet. 2. The stars twinkle in the sky. **Hot Questions** – The stars appear at night in the sky. **B.** 1. wonder, are 2. diamond, sky 3. grass 4. show, little 5. night

कक्षा - 3



### Lesson- 1 Almighty God

**Oral Questions** – 1. Father (God) lives in heaven. 2. Buzz **A.** 1. The grass is fresh and sweet. 2. The branches of the tree are high. **Hot Questions** – Thee **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. sky 2. breeze 3. Father **D.** 1. For tender grass 2. For all things 3. For blue of stream 4. For fragrant air 5. Father in heaven. **E.** 1. Beat, Beet 2. Be, Bea 3. Bye, Buy 4. Be, Bree 5. Present, Peasant 6. Beam, Beem 7. Dual, Fool 8. Boom, Broom **F.** 1. vii 2. iii 3. iv 4. ii 5. v 6. vi 7. viii 8. i **G.** 1. Leg 2. Earth 3. None 4. Stale 5. Hell **H.** 1. The sky is clear. 2. We had a pleasant evening. 3. With the glory which I had with thee before the world was. 4. She has an eye for beauty. 5. The old apple tree spread a blanket of shade in the grass beside the pond. 6. He sat at the edge of the stream. **Activity Skills** – Student will do themselves.

### Lesson- 2 Health is Wealth

**Oral Questions** – 1. We should get up early in the morning. 2. After walk, we should take a bath. **A.** 1. We should always eat fresh fruits and vegetables. 2. We should go to a morning walk daily. 3. We should brush our teeth twice in a day. **Hot Questions** – Health is the greatest wealth in our lives. **B.** 1. b 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. care 2. get up 3. open things 4. fresh 5. fresh 6. twice **D.** 1.

walk, take, eat, drink, play **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 3 Traffic Rules

**Oral Questions** – 1. We should always walk on left side on the road. 2. The red light indicates to stop. **A.** 1. We should obey the traffic rules to save ourselves from accident. 2. The pedestrians should walk on pavement. 3. The yellow light indicates ready to go and green light indicates to go. **Hot Questions** – The things that we should keep in mind, while crossing a road are – (i) The pedestrians should walk on pavement. (ii) We should walk at the left hand of the road. (iii) We should cross the road at the zebra crossing. **B.** 1. b 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. safe 2. ready 3. pedestrians 4. three 5. left 6. red **D.** 1. False 2. False 3. True **E.** 1. worked 2. wrote 3. obeyed 4. went 5. walked 6. played 7. opened 8. closed **F.** 1. Rules 2. Pavements 3. These 4. Pedestrians **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 4 A Visit To The Zoo

**Oral Questions** – 1. Roshan and his family went to the zoo on last Sunday. 2. The two lions were placed in a large cage. **A.** 1. Rohan and his family went to the Zoo. 2. Pinky was frightened to see hippopotamus. 3. Monkey's tricks were very funny. 4. Papa said, "Didn't frighten." **Hot Questions** – (i) I went to the zoo on last Sunday. (ii) I bought a ticket. (iii) There were many different kinds of birds and animals. (iv) I offered some groundnuts to a monkey. (v) I enjoyed a lot. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. Visited 2. monkeys, tricks 3. lions 4. frightened 5. enjoyed **D.** 1. Rohan and his family go to zoo. 2. Hippopotamus has a large body. 3. I am a student. 4. They enjoy very much. 5. There are different kinds of animals in the zoo. **E.** 1. They visited to a zoo. 2. She enjoyed there very much. 3. We walked on the road. 4. He wrote with a red pen. 5. I travelled by bus. 6. You went to market. 7. They saw the Australian parrots. 8. She cooked food for us. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 5 The Camel

**Oral Questions** – 1. The colour of camel is brown. 2. A camel eats grain and grass. **A.** 1. Camel is called the ship of desert. 2. In past time people used it for travelling. **Hot Questions** – It has a hump on it back in which it can store the food and water. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. useful 2. brown 3. sandy 4. grass **D.** 1. Who has a

large body? 2. Who went to Allahabad? 3. Who is writing a novel? 4. Who is your father? 5. Who was sleeping there? 6. What is used to carry the heavy luggage? **E.** 1. Short 2. Present 3. Drink 4. Rarely

**Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson - 6 Are You Intelligent ?

**Oral Questions** – 1. A chair is made up of wood. 2. A chair has four legs. **A.** 1. An owl cannot see in sunlight.

2. Bull, Camel, Donkey, Horse, Ox. 3. Rice is of white colour. **Hot Questions** – (i) Caterpillar (ii) Cockroach (iii) Butterfly (iv) Mosquito (v) Chameleon **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. a **C.**

1. chair 2. light 3. rides 4. grains **E.** 1. Shortest 2. Smallest 3. Whitest 4. Best 5. Tallest 6. Cheapest 7. Richest 8. Highest 9. Hardest 10. Sweetest **F.** 1. White

2. Rich 3. Small 4. Ripe 5. Pretty 6. Long 7. Far 8. Fat

**Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

**Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 7 Independence Day

**Oral Questions** – 1. Independence day is celebrated on 15th August. 2. There are three colours in our flag. **A.** 1.

The flag is hoisted at the Red Fort. 2. The name of five patriots are – (i) Bhagat Singh (ii) Mangal Pandey (iii) Mahatma Gandhi (iv) Subhash Chandra Bose (v) Chandra Shekhar Azad **Hot Questions** – (i) Independence day is the national festival of our country. (ii) Independence day is celebrated on 15th August in all over India. (iii) On this occasion, the Tricolour flag is hoisted in Red Fort. (iv) Independence Day is considered as a national holiday for India. (v) It celebrates the independence of our country. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. hoisted 2. national 3. 15th **D.** 1. The national festival. 2. On 15th August every year. 3. In red fort. 4. Those many patriots. 5. In 1947 6. Their lives for freedom. **E.** 1. into 2. for 3. over 4. of 5. near **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

### Lesson- 9 A Wise King

**Oral Questions** – 1. The farmer lived in a village. 2. The farmer became sad to he see his empty field. **A.** 1. The farmer thought that he would reap it in the next morning. 2. The next day he was very surprised to see his farm empty. 3. The king gave sticks to all the farmers. 4. King said to them, "These are magic sticks of equal size. **Hot Questions** – The thief farmer cut the stick. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. farmer 2. king 3. sticks 4. thief **D.** 1. True 2. False 3. True **E.** 1. Short 2. Empty 3. Long 4. Cold 5. Light 6. Low 7. Ugly 8. Weak 9. Lost 10. Friend **F.** 1. एक गाँव में एक राजा रहता था। 2. किसान राजा के पास गया। 3. चोर पकड़ा गया। **Activity Skillily** – Students will do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.

do themselves.



### Lesson- 12 Greediness is Bad Thing

**Oral Questions** – 1. The man was a poor fisherman. 2. One day he saw a fish in a dried small pond. **A.** 1. They fisher man went to the pond and gave some food to the fishes. 2. On this the fish become angry because fisher man's wife wish were not ending. 3. The fish asked him about his wish so he was surprised. **Hot Questions** – The last wish of fisherman's wife was to bring sun and moon under her order. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. b **C.** 1. poor 2. fish 3. rich 4. queen **D.** 1. False 2. False 3. True **E.** 1. W 2. F 3. P 4. H 5. H 6. A 7. Q 8. A **F.** 1. Men 2. Fishes 3. Wives 4. Wishes **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 13 Historical Buildings

**Oral Questions** – 1. The Red Fort is situated in Delhi. 2. The Taj Mahal was built by Shah Jahan in memory of his queen Mumtaz. **A.** 1. Qutub Minar is situated in Mehrauli. 2. Qutub Minar was built by Qutub-ud-din-Aibak 3. Parliament house is built by British Government. 4. Parliament house is divided two parts. **Hot Questions** – The Taj Mahal was built in the memory of Queen Mumtaz. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. True 2. False 3. True **D.** 1. monuments 2. Mughal 3. visitors 4. On the bank of Yamuna river. 5. English 6. hoisted **E.** 1. Taj Mahal (Sub) is one of the seven wonders of the world (Predicate). 2. These buildings (Sub) are mostly built by Shah Jahan (Predicate). 3. The prime minister (Sub) makes his speech on 15th August every year in red fort (Predicate). 4. Parliament house (Sub) is situated in New Delhi (Predicate). 5. The Ganga (Sub) is the holy river of the Hindus (Predicate). **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 14 Living Near A Wood

**Oral Questions** – 1. The wood was near the home of the child. 2. The lanes were quite. **A.** 1. The trees are so high. 2. The child wants to live near the busy street so that he may not feel lonely. **Hot Questions** – The benefits of living near wood are – (i) The lanes are quite. (ii) The wood is free from noise of trams. **B.** 1. Near, dear 2. bright, Night 3. town, down 4. some, one 5. all, tall 6. so, oh **C.** 1. am 2. will 3. has 4. will 5. will 6. is 7. are 8. will **D.** 1. Did 2. Played 3. Could 4. Lived 5. Should **E.** 1. My house is beautiful. 2. These trees are so high. 3. Stars are in the sky. 4. Stars are shining. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 15 Holi

**Oral Questions** – 1. Holi is celebrated in the month of March/April every year. 2. The people worship and lit the holi in the night. **A.** 1. Children should stop throwing water filled balloons on each other. 2. On this occasion all men and women and children play with colour. 3. Children enjoy holi the most. **Hot Questions** – Few people intake bhang on this occasion. **B.** 1. a 2. a 3. c **C.** 1. sweet 2. drinking 3. greet, throw **D.** 1. False 2. True 3. True **E.** 1. S 2. G 3. B 4. C 5. P 6. H 7. W 8. P **F.** 1. औरतें मिठाई बना रही है। 2. उन्होंने मुझ पर रंग फेंका। 3. बच्चे गुब्बारों का आनन्द ले रहे हैं। 4. कुछ लोग जुआ खेलते हैं। 5. कुछ धूमपान व नशा करना पसंद करते हैं। 6. हम रविवार को रामू के घर जाएंगे। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 16 James Watt

**Oral Questions** – 1. 1. The boy sat near the kettle in the kitchen. 2. This boy was James Watt. **A.** 1. He saw that the lid of kettle is going up and down due to pressure of steam. 2. He was surprised to see the pressure of steam. 3. He took few pieces of pebbles and kept them on the lid. **Hot Questions** – He was inventor of steam engine. **B.** 1. c 2. a **C.** 1. steam engine 2. steam 3. surprised **D.** 1. Telephone – Graham Bell 2. Electric Bulb – Edison 3. Steam Engine – James Watt 4. Fountain Pen – Petrache Poenaru 5. Radium – Marie Curie **E.** 1. the 2. the, the 3. the 4. an **F.** 1. यह एक लड़का था। 2. उसका नाम जेम्स वॉट था। 3. उसने इंजन की खोज की। 4. वह एक महान् वैज्ञानिक था। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 17 The Town Child

**Oral Questions** – 1. The child lived in a town. 2. The child wish that their were woods very near. **A.** 1. He dislike his street because it is crowded with traffic and noise. 2. He wanted to live on a castle a clouds. 3. He found smoke every where in the town. 4. There is smoke every where in the town because day by day pollution is increasing due to buses, train or motors. **Hot Questions** – It means that when we are trapped in a traffic and do not get away to move. **B.** 1. b 2. b **C.** 1. It is crowded with traffic. 2. I wish there were meadows. 3. I don't like the noise. 4. There is plenty of room. 5. For castle as clouds. **D.** 1. street, feet 2. hear, near 3. there, where 4. very, every 5. go, row 6. is, as **E.** 1. There are five pens. 2. It is a house. 3. There are many rooms in this house. 4. It is a black car. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 18 My Family

**Oral Questions** – 1. My father goes to office at 10 o' clock. 2. My brother name is Gopal. **A.** 1. In my family there are four members. 2. My grandparents live in village. 3. I have a brother. **Hot Questions** – When my baby sister cries, my mother takes her in her arms. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. c **C.** 1. village 2. parents 3. together 4. grandmother **D.** 1. False 2. False 3. False 4. False **E.** 1. stories 2. our parents 3. my brother 4. office **F.** 1. Sister 2. Mother 3. Grand mother 4. Oxen 5. Women 6. Girl  
**Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 19 At A Circus

**Oral Questions** – 1. Once a circus came to our town. 2. Ravi, Gopal and their parents got ready to go to circus. **A.** 1. A parrot rode on a tricycle. 2. The ring master had a wipe in hand. 3. Children liked the clowns the best. **Hot Questions** – The two means of entertainment are – (i) Movies (ii) Circus **B.** 1. b 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. tricycle 2. tricks 3. clowns 4. whip **D.** 1. False 2. True 3. True **E.** 1. e 2. i 3. r, u 4. i 5. k 6. h 7. c 8. i, a **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 20 The Cow

**Oral Questions** – 1. The cow gives us milk. 2. In India we call cow as a our 'Govmata'. **A.** 1. The cow gives us milk, butter, curd, cheese etc. 2. The calves plough our fields. 3. The cow eats straw, grass, gram and oil cake. It eats vegetables, fruits and breads. **Hot Questions** – We should worship cows because we regard the cow as our mother. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. c **C.** 1. pet 2. size 3. gentle 4. harm **D.** 1. Pet animal 2. Legs 3. Straw 4. Butter **E.** 1. Bull 2. Cock 3. Peacock 4. Man 5. Boy 6. Dog **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## कक्षा - 4



## Lesson- 1 After the Rain

**Oral Questions** – 1. God is the supreme power. 2. After the rain leaves are fresh, air cool and clear. **A.** 1. Sun is shining warm again after the rain. 2. No, children do not go to school in a rainy season. 3. Children do dance and play in a rainy season. **Hot Questions** – The sun shines warm after the rain. **B.** 1. c 2. b **C.** 1. are fresh after the rain. 2. cool and clean. 3. shining warm again. 4. hopping in the lane. **D.** 1. after 2. before 3. after 4. after 5. before **E.** 1. You can go anywhere. 2. Anybody

come here and get all the copies. 3. Anytime you can come at my home. 4. Any how you do this work. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 2 Who Is Stronger

**Oral Questions** – 1. Sun and wind quarrelled to prove that one was stronger than other. 2. The wind began to blow hard. **A.** 1. The wind and Sun made one agreement that one who removes the man's blanket is stronger than the other. 2. When the wind blew very hard, the man held the blanket around him very tightly. 3. The sun began to shine brightly. Gradually it became warmer and warmer. At last it was very hot. The man removed his blanket. 4. The Sun was stronger than wind. **Hot Questions** – 1. The sun began to shines brightly. 2. The man said, "Oh! the sun is very strong." **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. Sun, wind 2. blanket 3. blow 4. shine 5. stronger **D.** 1. True 2. True 3. False **E.** 1. learning 2. taking 3. singing 4. reading 5. taking **F.** 1. Taught 2. Saw 3. Made 4. Felt 5. Took 6. Said 7. Told 8. Learnt **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 3 A Holy Man

**Oral Questions** – 1. The old woman lived in a town. 2. The holy man daily passed from the house of old woman. **A.** 1. The wicked old woman threw some garbage at him. 2. Yes, the holy man changed his route. 3. The holy man saw that the woman was sick and she was lying in a dark corner of a room. **Hot Questions** – The holy man went into the house of the wicked women because the woman did not throw any garbage at him. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. a **C.** 1. wicked woman 2. holy man 3. change 4. sick 5. fever 6. doctor 7. herself 8. promised **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (X) 4. (X) 5. (✓) 6. (X) **E.** 1. Remember 2. Love 3. Bad 4. Right 5. Wicked 6. Before 7. Unsafe 8. Holy **F.** एक समय की बात है। एक शहर में एक दुष्ट बूढ़ी महिला रहती थी। एक साधु उसके घर के पास से रोज गुजरता था। वह महिला उस साधु से नफरत करती थी। जब भी वह साधु उसके घर के पास से गुजरता, वह उस पर कचरा फेंका करती थी। परन्तु उस साधु ने उस महिला को कुछ गलत नहीं बोला। उसके बाद उसने अपना रास्ता बदल लिया। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 4 Dancing Bird-Peacock

**Oral Questions** – 1. Peacock is the national bird of India. 2. We should not kill peacock because we use peacock feathers for decoration and it also helps to kill snakes and lizard. **A.** 1. A peacock is found every where.

2. Peacock can dance in a rainy season. 3. Peacock is as the omnivores that means it can eat both plants and animal. **Hot Questions** – The male peacock can dance but the female peacock cannot dance. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. beautiful 2. national, India 3. domesticated 4. multicoloured 5. feather 6. walk 7. decoration **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (X) 4. (✓) 5. (✓) **E.** 1. सुन्दर- My mom is very beautiful. 2. आदमी- A man's voice is deeper than women's voice. 3. सुरक्षा करना - Elders protect their youngsters. 4. वनस्पति व मांस दोनों खाने वाला- Many animals are omnivores on this land. 5. दुश्मन- Tom is my enemy. **F.** 1. Beautiful 2. More 3. Male 4. Many **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 5 The Swing

**Oral Questions** – 1. The air is of blue colour. 2. The garden is of green colour. **A.** 1. I enjoy swing either in my school or park. 2. Children can see so wide, rivers, and tree and cattle etc. 3. Yes, I like to going up in a swing. **Hot Questions** – When the child came down, they saw the garden green and roof brown. **B.** 1. c 2. c **C.** 1. and over the wall 2. cattle and all **D.** 1. I read myself. 2. We go to school ourselves. 3. You clean your clothes yourselves. 4. He do his work himself. 5. She completed her work herself. 6. They go to their classes themselves. **E.** 1. Spoon 2. Monday 3. Tiger 4. Ox 5. They 6. Scooter **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 6 Try Again

**Oral Questions** – 1. Robert Bruce was the king of Scotland. 2. The spider tried to climb up but soon it slipped and fell down. **A.** 1. Robert Bruce defeated the king of England. 2. He was hiding in a cave because he wanted to sit in a sorrowful and lonely mood. 3. He thought slowly and steadily, inch by inch, it went up and up when he saw spider that did not succeed. **Hot Questions** – 1. Spider did not lose hope and succeeded at last. 2. The king learnt the lesson of preservice from a little spider. **B.** 1. b 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. brave 2. hiding 3. lonely 4. lose **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (X) 4. (✓) 5. (X) 6. (✓) **E.** 1. छोड़ना 2. इस प्रकार से 3. के द्वारा 4. आगे और पीछे 5. पूर्ण सुरक्षित **D.** 1. Robert Bruce is very brave. 2. He is hiding in a cave. 3. The king stops thinking. 4. This time he is successful. 5. He comes out of the cave. 6. He fights many battles of free his country. 7. The king stops

thinking. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 7 The Wild Bird

**Oral Questions** – 1. A wild bird is the brother of the poet. 2. The wild flowers are sisters of the poet. **A.** 1. The green earth is the mother of poet. 2. The bird sings long merry songs all the day. 3. Flowers dwell in lane and lea. **Hot Questions** – The green earth is gently beckon poet. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. brother 2. yonder 3. merry song 4. sings 5. sisters 6. lane, lea 7. sweet, rare 8. nod, smile **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (✓) **E.** 1. Pet 2. Brother 3. Sorrow 4. Father 5. Sour 6. Husband 7. Long 8. Mostly 9. Night 10. Happy 11. War 12. Wake **F.** 1. Birds 2. Trees 3. Songs 4. Flowers 5. Men 6. Horses 7. Goats 8. Boxes 9. Matches 10. Classes 11. Hers 12. Oxen 13. Teeth 14. Children 15. Animals 16. Pens **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 8 Chetna and Honey Bee

**Oral Questions** – 1. Honey bees makes honey for us. 2. A bee has six legs. **A.** 1. Bees have two wings. 2. The bee collects flower juice from flower. 3. Bees collect nectar in their houses. 4. A bees body is divided into three main parts the head, the mid section or the thorax and the back section. **Hot Questions** – The bee protect itself by her sting. **B.** 1. b 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. honey 2. always 3. six 4. sting 5. nectar 6. cells 7. three **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (✓) 3. (X) **E.** The flower juice is called nectar. **F.** 1. o, e 2. a, er 3. e 4. ee, e 5. el 6. ee 7. ive **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 9 Tenali Ram

**Oral Questions** – 1. Tenali Ram was a Telgu poet in court of king Ram Mohan. 2. He was famous for his jokes. **A.** 1. Tenali Ram spoiled that picture. 2. Tenali spoiled the picture. So king was angry with him. 3. Tenali covered his face with a pot. **Hot Questions** – Yes we like this story and learn to obey order, open mind and always live happy and cheerful. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. picture 2. change 3. paint 4. spoiled **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (X) **E.** 1. Unfamiliar 2. Happy 3. Day before today 4. A man of king's court 5. Following day **F.** 1. Happy 2. Picture 3. Yesterday 4. Stranger 5. Suddenly 6. Angry **G.** 1. Always get ahead. 2. I get back to my home. 3. He gets down this tree. 4. When he saw lot of work he get away. 5. Get out from here. 6. Always get up early in the morning. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 10 The Milkman and Monkey

**Oral Questions** – 1. Radhe Hari was a milkman. 2. He did not sell pure milk. Every day he added water in milk. **A.** 1. He was going nearby village to buy a cow. 2. He kept his money bag with him. 3. That day was very hot so he took bath in the river. 4. He put his money bag under the tree. 5. A monkey took his bag. **Hot Questions** – He decided the he will not mix water into milk because the money earned by water went to water. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. cow 2. clothes 3. added 4. money 5. monkey **D.** 1. (X) 2. (X) 3. (X) 3. (✓) 5. (✓) **E.** 1. We are cheerful that is why we are dancing and singing. 2. I want to buy a dress that is why I am going to bazaar. 3. It is raining today that is why we are not going to school. **F.** 1. Bought 2. Beat 3. Began 4. Lived 5. cought 6. Thought 7. Took 8. Went **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 11 Only One Mother

**Oral Questions** – 1. One mother is wide world over. 2. Dew drops greet the early morning. **A.** 1. Hundreds of birds are singing when they are flying. 2. Their shine made the stars pretty at night. 3. Hundreds of bees are in the purple colours. **Hot Questions** – The poet saw hundreds of lambs in the sunny weather. **B.** 1. a 2. b **C.** 1. Hundreds of stars in the pretty sky, Hundreds of birds that go chirping by. Hundred of dew drops to greet the dawn, Hundred of bees in the purple colours. But Only one mother the wide world over. **D.** 1. On the shore together. 2. In the sunny weather. 3. On the lawn. 4. In the purple colour. 5. The wide world over. 6. In the pretty sky. **E.** 1. Stars 2. Butterflies 3. Bees 4. Boxes 5. Boys **F.** 1. Pretty 2. Weather 3. Mother 4. Lambs 5. Birds 6. Butterflies **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 12 Our Important Places

**Oral Questions** – 1. Yes, there is a post office in my city. 2. Policemen catch the thieves and other bad persons. **A.** 1. We can contact police station by dialing 100 on telephone. 2. Traffic policemen regulate traffic on road. 3. The post man brings letter and parcels. 4. Sick people go to the hospital for treatment. 5. Fireman use ladders and water to put off the fire. **Hot Questions** – Fireman put off fire and fireman stay in fire station. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. c **C.** 1. receiving, sending 2. safety, property 3. traffic, road 4. ladder, water 5. treat, care **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3.

(✓) 4. (X) **E.** 1. catch the thieves 2. treat the sick person 3. bring letters 4. put off the fire 5. regulate the traffic **G.** 1. in 2. on, under 3. into 4. on 5. in 6. on 7. into **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 13 The Sun And The Moon

**Oral Questions** – 1. The moon shines as silver. 2. The sun shines as gold. **A.** 1. God hung them up a lanterns. 4. Because they are up too high. **Hot Questions** – The sun shines at noon. **B.** 1. shines clear as silver. 2. The sun shines bright like 3. are very lovely. 4. And very **C.** 1. Shone, Shone 2. Blew, Blown 3. Older, Oldest 4. Came, Come 5. Were, Were 6. Held, Held 7. Could, Could 8. Went, Gone **D.** 1. Dislike 2. Morning 3. Sick 4. Easy 5. Few 6. Ugly **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 14 The Foolish Potter

**Oral Questions** – 1. The potter has a donkey. 2. The potter replied that, "No, it has not come back." **A.** 1. The potter lost his donkey. 2. The neighbours help the potter to find his donkey. 3. Potter was laughing because he thoughts he was lucky no to have the donkey other wide I too would have been lost. **Hot Questions** – All the neighbours laughed at the folly of potter. **B.** 1. a 2. c 3. a **C.** 1. donkey 2. find 3. laughing 4. foolish **D.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (✓) 4. (X) **E.** 1. Once he lost his donkey. 2. His neighbours went to him. 3. They found the potter laughing. 4. They are surprised at this foolish man. **F.** 1. Donkeys 2. Neighbours 3. Forests 4. Evenings 5. Coins 6. Legs 7. These 8. Were **G.** 1. Lost 2. Laughing 3. Surprised 4. Went **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## Lesson- 15 A Giant And Little Children

**Oral Questions** – 1. The children played in a garden. 2. The giant was very cruel. **A.** 1. During spring season the garden was green and beautiful. 2. The spring failed to come to the garden when the giant turned rude to children. 3. The giant took up the girl in his arms, he sat her on the highest branch. **Hot Questions** – After the children returned the garden, flowers started blooming and birds began to sing. **B.** 1. b 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. giant 2. fence 3. girl 4. blooming 5. spring **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (✓) 3. (X) 4. (X) **E.** एक बार एक राक्षस था। वह बहुत निर्दयी था। उसने एक खुबसूरत बगीचा बनाया। बच्चे वहाँ खेलते थे। बसंत के मौसम में बगीचा हरा-भरा व सुन्दर दिखता था। एक दिन राक्षस बच्चों से नाराज हो गया। उसने बगीचा बचाने के लिए एक दीवार बनाई। बच्चे बगीचे के अन्दर नहीं आ सकते थे। जब बच्चों ने आना बंद कर दिया, बगीचे की

चमक खत्म हो गई। बसंत ऋतु भी फेल हो गई। पत्तियाँ पेड़ों से गिरने लगी। वहाँ फल नजर नहीं आये। राक्षस बहुत दुःखी हो गया। F. 1. He 2. They 3. It 4. She 5. Our 6. He **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 16 A True Friend

**Oral Questions** – 1. Lord Krishna was the king of Dwarka. 2. Sudama was the poor friend of Lord Krishna.

A. 1. Lord Krishna and Sudama had stayed together at the home of their teacher and got education. 2. Sudama's wife persuaded her to go to lord Krishna for help. 3. Sudama went to the Lord Krishna to take help for their poverty. 4. Lord Krishna became the king of Dwarka. **Hot Questions** – Because Sudama was not greedy. B. 1. c 2. a 3. C. 1. teacher 2. Dwarka, warmly 3. place 4. Sudama 5. impressed, kindness 6. rich D. 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (X) 4. (✓) E. 1. Girl 2. Husband 3. Poetess 4. Tigress 5. Mare 6. Peahen 7. Aunt 8. Mistress 9. Queen 10. Magician F. 1. Wisely 2. Quickly 3. Slowly 4. Bravely 5. Greatly 6. Closely 7. Kindly 8. Humbly 9. Sincerely 10. Brightly 11. Warmly 12. Angrily G. 1. भगवान कृष्ण और सुदामा मित्र थे। 2. सुदामा की पत्नी ने सुदामा को प्रेरित किया। 3. उसने चावल की एक पोटली दी। 4. सुदामा अपने मित्र की दयालुता का आभारी था। 5. कृष्ण और सुदामा सहपाठी थे। 6. एक दिन वह अपने गाँव लौट गया। 7. वह एक भव्य महल देखकर चौक गया। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 17 The Town Child

**Oral Questions** – 1. Child lived in a town. 2. Street is crowded with traffic and feet. A. 1. It means when a person get trapped in traffic and unable to find way. 2. He wants to live near the woods. 3. Buses, motors and trans described in the poem. 4. He finds vehicles smoke every where in town. **Hot Questions** – 1. Because streets are fully crowded with cars, buses or trucks. 2. The child wants to live near the woods. B. 1. b 2. c 3. a C. 1. Traffic, feet 2. meadows, lambs 3. Smoke 4. Room, blue 5. Buses, motors D. 1. Crowded 2. Heard 3. Read 4. Loved 5. Started 6. Wrote 7. Ate 8. Slept 9. Burnt 10. Kept E. 1. Near 2. Less 3. Love 4. Hut 5. Scattered 6. Noise 7. Hurry 8. Run 9. Town 10. Happy **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 18 The Fox and The Bear

**Oral Questions** – 1. The bear lived in a jungle. 2. Yes, fox is a clever animal. A. 1. The bear could not find any food so he was very sad. 2. The bear wanted to catch the fox and eat him. 3. The bear laid down on the

ground to make the fox fool. **Hot Questions** – The bear started nagging its tail when it heard comments of fox. B. 1. b 2. b 3. a C. 1. Jungle 2. Fox 3. Clever 4. Tail D. 1. एक भालू जंगल में रहता था। एक दिन वह भूखा था। वह भोजन की तलाश कर रहा था। उसे भोजन न मिला तो वह उदास हो गया। 2. फिर उसने एक लोमड़ी देखी। लोमड़ी कुछ दूरी पर भाग रही थी। भालू उस लोमड़ी को पकड़ना चाहता था और उसे खाना चाहता था। परन्तु लोमड़ी बहुत तेज भाग रही थी। भालू के लिए लोमड़ी को पकड़ पाना संभव नहीं था। E. 1. looking 2. is 3. nagging 4. played 5. carry **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 19 The Story of The Olympic

**Oral Questions** – 1. In ancient Greece, Zeus was the most important God. 2. Many games and festivities were held in ancient Greece. A. 1. Roman Emperor Theodosius stopped these games in 394 A.D. 2. After fifteen hundred years were held the Olympic games. 3. The modern Olympic games were held in 1886, It was held in Athens. 4. Women were allowed to participate in 1886 year. **Hot Questions** – The olympic motto is, "Higher, Faster and Stronger. B. 1. a 2. c 3. b C. 1. Greece 2. Theodosius 3. Coupbertin 4. Athens 5. 200 6. India D. 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (✓) 4. (X) E. 1. Held 2. Sent 3. Stayed 4. Got 5. Started 6. Wrote 7. Won 8. Brought 9. Burnt 10. Lasted 11. Watched 12. Wanted 13. Kept 14. Took 15. Played 16. Hold F. 1. Modern 2. Stop 3. Victory 4. Sad 5. First 6. Give 7. Beautiful 8. Defeat 9. Good 10. Low G. 1. Women 2. Athletes 3. Countries 4. Years 5. Starts 6. Sports 7. Winners 8. Many 9. Cities 10. Victories **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

## कक्षा - 5



### Lesson- 1 The Maker of The World

**Oral Questions** – 1. God gives us eyes to see this beautiful world. 2. The fruits in the garden are ripe. A. 1. God gives us lips so that we might tell. 2. The morning and the Sunset brightens up the sky. 3. The God had made bright and beautiful things, great and small creatures and wise and wonderful things. **Hot Questions** – God is great almighty and who has made all things well. B. 1. c 2. c C. 1. Bright and beautiful 2. Great and small 3. Almighty 4. Mountain 5. Glowing colours 6. Tiny wings D. 1. Beautiful 2. Small 3. Sings 4. By 5. Son 6. Tell E. लम्बे हरे लकड़ी के पेड़, गर्मियों का खुशी भरा सूर्य, बगीचों के खट्टे फल, ये सब उन्होंने ही बनाए है। उन्होंने हमें यह सब देखने को आँखें दी है। भगवान इतने महान् व सर्वशक्तिमान कैसे है। उन्होंने सब चीजें कैसे अच्छी तरह बनाई। F. 1. Mother 2. Actress

3. Queen 4. Peahen 5. Mistress 6. Tigress 7. Mare 8. Mice **G.** 1. Orphan 2. Church 3. Evening 4. Jungle 5. Country Man 6. Princess 7. God 8. Library **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 2 Birbal's Wisdom

**Oral Questions** – 1. Akbar was the great Mughal emperor and Birbal was his minister. 2. Akbar listened that one Brahmin has said he could remain in cold water for the whole night. **A.** 1. When he heard the talk of Brahmin the king called that Brahmin in his court. 2. After hearing the answer of Brahmin, The Akbar became very angry and refused to give prize to the Brahmin. 3. The Brahmin said that he spent the night by looking at the lamp above him. The lamp gave him warmth. 4. After saw that Birbal was cooking Khichadi in a pot which was hanging on a high branch of a tree.

**Hot Questions** – 1. The Birbal was not coming in the court for the past few days because he was cooking khichadi. 2. Birbal answered that, 'If the Brahmin could stand in cold water with the warmth of the lamp of the palace, then why could not the khichadi cook with this flame. **B.** 1. c 2. c 3. b **C.** 1. emperor 2. minister 3. talking 4. remain 5. agreed 6. warmth **D.** 1. Wisdom 2. Queenliness 3. Bravery 4. Cold 5. Friendship 6. Happiness **E.** 1. He is the most intelligent. 2. This book is the best than other books. 3. Rohan is greatest than Ravi. 4. Rakhi is the most beautiful than these girls.

**Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 3 Means of Communication

**Oral Questions** – 1. Communication refers to the process of imparting or exchanging of information by speaking, writing or using some other medium. 2. Nowadays, computer has an important role in communication. **A.** 1. The means of sending or receiving messages are called the means of communication. 2. In olden days people used pigeons and ambassadors to send their messages. Some animals like horse, camel etc. were also used to carry messages. 3. We can fax, e-mail or surf the Internet with computers. 4. We can send or receive the written messages on mobile with the help of satellite systems. **Hot Questions** – Communication by newspapers and television is called mass-communication. **B.** 1. b 2. d 3. c 4. a **C.** 1. communication 2. inventions 3. telephone 4. mass communication **D.** 1. over 2. under 3. instead of 4. since 5. behind 6. after **E.** 1. More Intelligent, Most Intelligent 2. Older, Oldest 3. Higher, Highest 4. More Beautiful,

Most Beautiful 5. Wiser, Wisest 6. Braver, Bravest 7. Brighter, Brightest **F.** 1. Clever 2. Old 3. Beautiful 5. High **G.** 1. False 2. True **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 4 The Swing

**Oral Questions** – 1. Yes, I like to swing. 2. I feel pleasant when I go up in a swing. **A.** 1. I go to the park to enjoy swings. 2. When the children go up in a swing they see rivers, trees and cattle all over the countryside. **Hot Questions** – When the children go down in a swing, they see brown roof and green garden. **B.** 1. b 2. b **C.** 1. Thing 2. Do 3. Lean 4. All 5. Side 6. Down **D.** 1. Oh! What a beautiful scene. 2. I said, "The sun rises in the east." 3. Where has he gone ? 4. He said, "Why are you weeping?" 5. Alas! I have lost my leg. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 5 The Dinosaurs

**Oral Questions** – 1. Dinosaur is a Greek word which means, a very big fearful lizard, because they looked like a lizard. 2. Dinosaurs lived in the world about 22.5 crore years ago. **A.** 1. There were many kinds of dinosaurs. Some of them were herbivores and some of them were Carnivores. 2. They generally lived in water and mud of the rivers. 3. The height of few dinosaurs was up to 24 metres and some were 6 meter long. The big dinosaurs weighted up to 80 tonnes. Their neck was long and their body was very huge. Their tails were long and thick. 4. The herbivores ate the leaves and animals.

**Hot Questions** – The bones and skeletons of different types of dinosaurs can be seen in the world big museums. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (X) 4. (✓) 5. (✓) 6. (X). **D.** 1. Greek 2. Jurassic 3. birds **E.** 1. He took off his coat as soon as he entered the house. 2. My father as well as my mother love cricket. 3. At once he got ready for walk. 4. I was going out first just then he came. 5. Due to heavy rainfall streets are block. 6. This story is based on true love. **F.** 1. I met a man yesterday who was blind. 2. Those are soldiers who lost their legs in war. 3. This is the fort which is built by Nawab. 4. It is a golden watch which had been lost last month. 5. He is a poet whose name is very famous. 6. Bring the painting which is on the wall. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 6 Dussehra

**Oral Questions** – 1. Dussehra celebration is a sign of the victory of good over evil. 2. Dussehra is celebrated in the memory of Lord Rama. **A.** 1. This festival lasts for

ten days. 2. People have fasts for ten days on this occasion. 3. It is also known as Vijay Dashmi. **Hot Questions** – In Gujarat it is celebrated as Navratri. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. a **C.** 1. Hindus 2. Lord Rama 3. Ram Lila **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (✓)

### Lesson- 7 The Great Ashoka

**Oral Questions** – 1. Ashoka was a great emperor of India. 2. The capital of his kingdom was Pataliputra. **A.** 1. Thousand of people were killed in the battle many were left wounded and homeless. Ashoka saw the miserable situation after the war. 2. He sent his son and daughter to Srilanka to spread the Buddhist religion. 3. He dug wells and made roads. and Buddha's teachings centre for the people. **Hot Questions** – Ashoka pillar can be seen at Sarnath near Varanasi. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. a **C.** 1. emperor 2. battles 3. Kalinga **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (X) 4. (✓) 5. (✓) **E.** 1. Master 2. Path 3. Lean 4. Crowd 5. Many 6. War **F.** 1. He never tells the truth. 2. We have not won the match. 3. The soldiers did not fight bravely in the war. 4. She does not play with dolls. 5. They will not have arrived at station 6. We did not go to Mathura. 7. I do not write a story. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 8 The Arrow And The Song

**Oral Questions** – 1. The poet shoot an arrow into the air. 2. An arrow fell on the earth. **A.** 1. He breathed a song in to the air. 2. In an oak he found the arrow. **Hot Questions** – He found the song in the heart of a friend. **B.** 1. (X) 2. (✓) 3. (✓) **C.** 1. Poet 2. Singer 3. Writer 4. Hunter 5. Tailor **D.** 1. शिकारी ने एक चिड़ियों को मार दिया। 2. मैंने पतंग उड़ाई। 3. वे एक किताब के ऊपर लड़ रहे थे। 4. उसने एक गाना गाया। 5. वह मछलियाँ पकड़ेगा। 6. वे गुड़ियों से खेल रही है। 7. हमको स्वच्छ हवा में साँस लेनी चाहिए। 8. वह हमेशा झूठ बोलता है। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Chapter- 9 Solomon's Justice

**Oral Questions** – 1. Solomon was the king of Jews. 2. Solomon was famous for his Justice. **A.** 1. The two ladies were quarreling over the baby. 2. The king ordered his courtier to divided the baby into two pieces and give one pieces to each of ladies. 3. The real mother began to weep and cried, no please give the baby to the other woman and don't kill it. **Hot Questions** – The king understood that she was real mother of the baby. King ordered his courtier to give the baby to his real mother. **B.** 1. a 2. a 3. b **C.** 1. Famous 2. Known 3. Court 4. Listened 5. Ordered **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (X) **E.** 1. Is he a doctor? 2. Did he go to

Agra? 3. Are they students? 4. Do we go to walk in the morning? 5. Am I a player? 6. Are these the pictures of historical places? **F.** 1. Court 2. Orphan 3. Mother 4. Blind 5. King **G.** 1. Down 2. Intelligent 3. Foolish 4. Loss 5. Free 6. Brave **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 10 Our Mother Land-India

**Oral Questions** – 1. The capital of our country is in New Delhi. 2. There are seven union territories in India. **A.** 1. Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, China and Srilanka are the neighbouring countries of India. 2. It is guarded by the high Himalayans in its north and surrounded by seas on other three sides. 3. There are more than one hundred crores of people living in our country. **Hot Questions** – India has 29 states. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. Sub-continent 2. bay of Bengal 3. west 4. neighbouring 5. son, daughter **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (X) 4. (✓) 5. (✓) 6. (X) **E.** 1. Cool 2. Beautiful 3. Poor 4. Wise 5. Cruel **F.** 1. He and I went to see the circus. 2. She and he will dance on stage. 3. She was knitting a sweater. 4. She is playing cricket. 5. She gave a gift to her. 6. He is playing football. 7. He is a brilliant student. 8. My uncle went to Allahabad. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 11 The Glory of Rajasthan

**Oral Questions** – 1. Haryana, Punjab, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh are Rajasthan's neighbouring states. 2. Chambal, Banas and Luni rivers flow through this state. **A.** 1. In the western part of Rajasthan there is a big desert called the great Indian desert. 2. Farming is the main occupation of the people of Rajasthan. 3. Jaipur is the capital of Rajasthan. 4. The main festival of Rajasthan are Gangaur and Teej. **Hot Questions** – Jaipur, Ajmer, Mount Abu, Chittorgarh, Bikaner, Jodhpur and Jaisalmer are the main cities of Rajasthan. **B.** 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b **C.** 1. Jaipur 2. Ajmer 3. Chittorgarh **D.** 1. Outside 2. Gentle-man 3. Blind-ness 4. Be-cause 5. Western 6. Jewel-lery. **E.** 1. of 2. in, of 3. between 4. with 5. since 6. on 7. in, in **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 12 Gulliver In Lilliput

**Oral Questions** – 1. Gulliver was a dweller of England. 2. When he wake up, he found that his hairs, hands and legs were tied to small pegs with strings. **A.** 1. Once he was sailing the ship dashed against a rock. The ship was broken into pieces. Gulliver came out of the ship and stopped on the rock and dry land of Lilliput. 2. Lilliput was inhabited by very small dwarfs of 6 inches in

height. 3. The small people arranged 600 small beds together to make a big bed for Gulliver to sleep on. 4. The little people made a big carriage to carry him to their king. 5. Gulliver ate so much food that their stock began to finish. **Hot Questions** – The king worried about his food because he ate so much food that their stocks began to finish. So he requested Gulliver to go away. **B.** 1. b 2. b **C.** 1. England 2. adventures 3. pieces **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (✓) 4. (X) 5. (✓) 6. (X) **E.** 1. Filly 2. Nun 3. Mare 4. Bitch 5. Lady 6. Mistress **F.** 1. यह लकड़ी से बना हुआ है। 2. गुलीवर एक दैत्य के समान लग रहा था। 3. बौने बहुत ज्यादा डर गए थे। 4. गुलीवर ने भोजन व बिस्तर की प्रार्थना की। 5. गुलीवर इंग्लैंड का एक निवासी था। **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 13 Honesty is The Best Policy

**Oral Questions** – 1. The woodcutter told the five dinars the price of wood. 2. The barber snatches the wooden saddle and abuses him. **A.** 1. The barber snatches the wooden saddle and abuses him. 2. The woodcutter was passing through a market when the barber called him. 3. Woodcutter decided to approach the Caliph's court. 4. Caliph wanted to teach him a lesson? 5. Because the barber insulted and cheated the poor woodcutter. **Hot Questions** – The caliph made the plan to trap the barber in his own trick. He was made convince to shave the two persons. One was animal. The barber felt guilty returned the saddle. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. a **C.** 1. wood 2. bargain 3. caliph 4. customers 5. animals 6. shave **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (✓) **E.** 1. Suddenly he come at my home. 2. I apologize to my mother for my mistake. 3. Sports teacher asked us to be off from the matter. 4. Of course I will come again. 5. I hand over all the files. 6. He apologize to him with folded hands. **F.** 1. Prime minister will be going to this market. 2. Barber snatches all the wood to woodcutter. 3. Are you agree on this talk 4. He is a stubborn and egoistic person. 5. I will never go there again. 6. You are an unfair person. **G.** 1. See 2. Sing 3. Threatening 4. Fly 5. Watching 6. Sit **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 14 Who is Poor ?

**Oral Questions** – 1. A young man came to Leo Tolstoy's house. 2. The young man needed financial assistance from Leo Tolstoy. **A.** 1. Leo Tolstoy was sitting in his garden when a young man come. 2. Young man said to Tolstoy that he was a poor young man and he needed some money. 3. Begging is not a good act. Begging makes the man weak. 4. The young man did not agree

with Tolstoy because Tolstoy suggested the young man to sell his body parts if he needed money. **Hot Questions** – The young man promised to Tolstoy to use his body with full dedication. **B.** 1. b 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. young man 2. financial 3. two 4. friend 5. sell 6. time **D.** 1. A young man 2. Leo Tolstoy 3. Tolstoy 4. A young man 5. Leo Tolstoy 6. Leo Tolstoy **E.** 1. Poor 2. New 3. His 4. Nothing 5. Enemies 6. Buy 7. More 8. Long 9. Stand up **F.** 1. He was sitting in his park. 2. He said to him, "You are really a poor man". 3. "You have two hands, two legs, two eyes", he said to the young man. 4. One of my friends goes to Agra. 5. Young man irritated and said, "at any cost I not dispose my parts". 6. They are not going to Kanpur. 7. I am not a poor man. 8. Do you know him. 9. How can Ranjeet cheat you. 10. You are Divakar's friend. **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 15 Maharana Pratap

**Oral Questions** – 1. Chittorh is in the Rajasthan. 2. Maharana Pratap was the ruler of Mewar. **A.** 1. Most of Rajputas has surrendered them-selves to Akbar and agreed to work under him. 2. Maharana belonged to the land of Chittorh. 3. Chanda was the daughter of Maharana. 4. He and his family stayed in the valley of Aravalli. **Hot Questions** – He lost his daughter due to starvation. **B.** 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. d **C.** 1. Aravalli 2. compromise 3. Chanda **D.** 1. (✓) 2. (X) 3. (✓) **E.** 1. On 2. Over 3. Under 4. With 5. In 6. Behind **F.** 1. Like 2. Surrender 3. First 4. Least 5. Agree 6. Up 7. Question 8. Cry 9. Found 10. Come 11. Easy 12. Easy 13. Happy 14. Dishonesty **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

### Lesson- 16 Androcles and the Lion

**Oral Questions** – 1. Androcles was a kind hearted slave of a cruel master. 2. The master treated him very badly. **A.** 1. The lion was shouting with pain because there was a thorn in his paw. 2. Androcles went to him and took off the thorn. 3. The king ordered to release both Androcles and the lion. 4. We learn from this story that kindness and friendship always help us. **Hot Questions** – The story ended with happiness of both lion and Androcles. **B.** 1. a 2. b 3. b **C.** 1. Rome 2. kind 3. treated 4. heard 5. king, thrown, hungry 6. Androcles, lion **D.** 1. Master 2. Cruel 3. Day 4. Going 5. Long 6. Afraid 7. Take 8. After 9. Last 10. Strong 11. Unripe 12. White **E.** 1. from 2. behind 3. from 4. before 5. to 6. by **Activity Skills** – Students will do themselves.

